

**From:** [Kent Jarman](#)  
**To:** [Regulatory Comments](#)  
**Subject:** Kent Jarman--Comments on Proposed Rulemaking for Member Business Loans, Part 723  
**Date:** Friday, August 21, 2015 1:25:00 PM

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Gerard S. Poliquin  
Secretary of the Board  
National Credit Union Administration  
1775 Duke Street  
Alexandria VA 22314-3428

Dear Mr. Poliquin,

I am opposed to the proposed amendments to Part 723 governing member business loans for the reasons stated below:

**NCUA's proposal poses serious safety and soundness concerns.** NCUA has not established that it is prepared to supervise institutions with expanding business loan portfolios, and the credit union industry has proven ill-equipped to make such loans. At least five credit unions since 2010 have failed at the hands of poorly run business loan programs, accounting for a quarter of all losses to the insurance fund during that period. In 2010, member business loans were the primary or secondary contributing factor for the supervisory concern for nearly half of the credit unions with CAMEL ratings of 3, 4 or 5 that made business loans. The level of delinquent member business loans dramatically rose from 0.53 percent in 2006 to 4.29 percent in 2010; compared to a total loan delinquency of 1.74 percent, this is a clear indication that credit unions, and NCUA itself, were ill-prepared for the additional responsibilities and risks associated with commercial lending. Losses could quickly multiply under this proposed rule.

In addition, relaxing the regulatory standards is contrary to NCUA's charge of protecting the industry's insurance fund, and effectively places the taxpayer at risk. NCUA is willfully ignoring lessons from their history and encouraging credit unions to divert funds from consumer lending to commercial lending. Consider expanding on the impact of allowing an ill-prepared lender into a new market and what could occur in an economic downturn if these loans are not properly underwritten, especially given the rule's liberal allowance of loan participations could cause bad loans to be syndicated broadly.

**NCUA is overstepping its regulatory reach by expanding business lending loopholes.** This proposal is contrary to congressional intent to limit business lending by credit unions. In 1998, Congress made it clear that credit unions should be focused on consumer lending, not commercial lending. Congress instituted restrictions on business lending deliberately: "to ensure that credit unions continue to fulfill their specified mission of meeting the credit and

savings needs of consumers, especially persons of modest means, through an emphasis on consumer rather than business loans.” By proposing this rule, the NCUA Board has blatantly disregarded congressional intent. NCUA should not undermine specific limitations by Congress nor expand the taxpayer liability.

**Central Bank has been serving small businesses in Utah and surrounding counties since 1891.** Perhaps the most pertinent gauge of Central Bank’s effectiveness as a community bank is our in-depth financial services relationships with generations of borrowers and depositors. I know from a personal standpoint that these generational ties are a result of developing personal relationships with clients and exceeding their financial services expectations.

I make commercial loans to small businesses, particularly startup businesses. Allowing the expansion of the credit union industry’s authorities into commercial lending without taxing them and regulating them consistent with commercial lenders will negatively impact Central Bank’s ability to serve our clients.

Respectfully,

Kent Jarman

**Kent Jarman**

**SBA Officer**

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